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ESTIMATION OF THE REASONS OF QANAT DEGREDATION AND ITS EFFECT ON VILLAGERS' PARTICIPATION (CASE STUDY OF SIX REGIONS IN THE KHORASSAN PROVINCE)

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Abstract

Undoubtedly quant could be one of the Iranian's most creative designs for sustainable use of underground water resources. Controllable application of water by quant systems guaranteed cultivation of crops in arid and semiarid regions of Iran for more than 2500 years.

Based on the important role of quants in the ancient lives, establishment, utilization, maintenance and management of quants were done by all villagers and water consumers.

In recent years development of wells, and oversupply usage of water and the lack of control and supervision by the governmental authorities caused destruction, drying of many quants and great reduction in their discharge.

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