

$$Y = Y_{wf} \left(1 - \frac{ID}{100 \left(1 + \frac{ID}{A} \right)} \right)$$

MSTAT-C

:() ()

$$Y = Y_{wf} \left(1 - \frac{ID}{100 \left(1 + \frac{ID}{A} \right)} \right)$$

I Y_{wf} Y
() A

Sigma Plot ver. 5.00

نتایج و بحث

() (P<0.01)

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.() (P<0.01)

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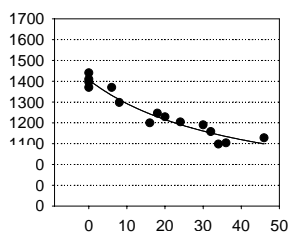
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	R ²	(A)	(I)	(Ywf)	()	Y
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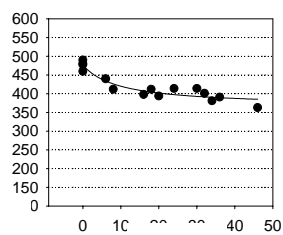
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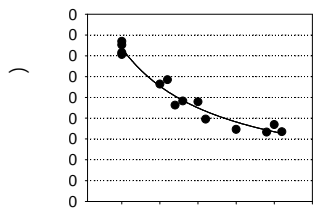


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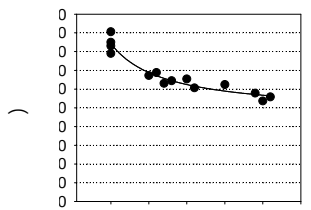
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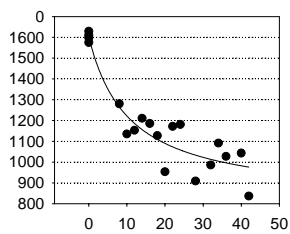
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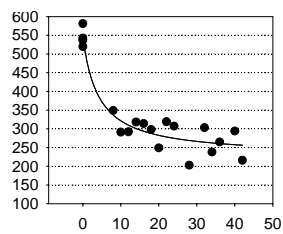
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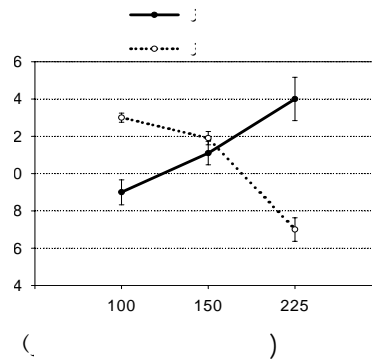
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منابع

(*Sinapis arvensis*)

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Effects of amount and timing of nitrogen application in winter wheat (*Triticum aestivum* L.) on wild mustard (*Sinapis arvensis*) damage

Mehdi Rastgou¹, Ali Ghanbari¹ and Hamid Rahimiam Mashhadi²

¹ Faculty of Agriculture, Ferdowsi University of Mashhad, Mashhad, Iran.

¹ Agricultural and Natural Resources Campus, University of Tehran, Karaj, Iran.

Abstract

To study the effects of amount and timing of nitrogen application on wild mustard impact on yield and yield components of winter wheat, an experiment was conducted in 2001 at the Research Field of Faculty of Agriculture, Ferdowsi University of Mashhad, Mashhad. Experiment was conducted as a factorial split plot design, where weed density (0, 8, 16, and 32 plant.m⁻²) and nitrogen (low=100, optimum= 150, and high= 225 Kg.ha⁻¹) were assigned factorially to the main plots, and nitrogen splitting pattern (P₁ = 1/3 at planting+2/3 at tillering; P₂ = 1/3 at planting+1/3 at tillering+1/3 at shooting) to the sub-plots. Three parameters rectangular hyperbolic model was fitted to yield and yield components data. Our results showed that nitrogen splitting pattern had no significant effect on competition between wild mustard and wheat. Increasing wild mustard density reduced wheat biological yield and seed yield. Seed yield reduction was greater than biological yield. Damage of individuals of wild mustard at high and low nitrogen rates was higher than optimum nitrogen rate.

Key words: Weed; Grain yield; Biological yield.