

3rd National Congress on Medicinal Plants 14, 15 May 2014 Mashhad- Iran



TOTAL PHENOL AND FLAVONOID CONTENT AND ANTIOXIDANT ACTIVITY OF METHANOLIC EXTRACT FROM PEROVSKIA ABROTANOIDES KAREL AT DIFFERENT STAGES OF PLANT GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT

Roya Ebrahimi-fakhr, ^{1.*} Parvaneh Abrishamchi, ¹ Maryam M Matin, ¹ Javad Asili, ² Maryam Varasteh-Kojourian ¹

¹ Department of Biology, Faculty of Science, Ferdowsi University of Mashhad, Mashhad, Iran
² Department of Pharmacology, School of Medicine, Mashhad University of Medical Sciences,

Mashhad, I.R. Iran

E-mail: royaebrahimifakhr@yahoo.com

Perovskia abrotanoides Karel is an Iranian medicinal plant belonging to the Lamiaceae family. Different biological properties are mentioned for the plants of this genus including antibacterial, antioxidant, cytotoxic activities and apoptosis induction. Present study was carried out to evaluate the amount of phenolic compounds and antioxidant properties of methanolic extracts of P. abrotanoides Karel leaves at vegetative and flowering stages. Aerial parts of the plant, were collected from Kalat in northeast of Khorassan Razavi province of Iran. Phenolic compounds were extracted by sonication method. Total phenol and flavonoid contents of all extracts were obtained by aluminum chloride [1] and Folin-Ciocalteu [2] colorimetric methods, respectively. Antioxidant activities of extracts were measured by βcarotene bleaching (BCB) assay [3]. Phenolics content and antioxidant activity of leaves at vegetative stage, were significantly more than the other stage. The amount of total phenol and flavonoids of leaves at vegetative stage were estimated as 4.347 ± 0.067 g gallic acid and 1.063 ± 0.043 g quercetin per 100 g dry weight, respectively. At vegetative stage, leaves extract had the best performance in BCB assay (IC₅₀ = 0.267 ± 0.03 mg/ml); compared with flowering stage (IC₅₀ = 0.516 ± 0.06 mg/ml). A positive correlation was observed between the total phenol and flavonoid concentrations, and antioxidant activity of extracts in BCB assay (R^2 =0.89 & 0.90, respectively). It may represent the role of phenolic and flavonoid compounds of the plant in its antioxidant potential.

References

- [1] Chang C.; Yang M.H.; Wen H.M.; and Chern J.C., *Journal of Food and Drug Analysis*, **2002**, *10*:178-182.
- [2] Gao, X.; Ohlander, M.; Jeppsson, N.; Bjork, L.; & Trajkovski, V. *Journal of the Agricultural and Food Chemistry*, **2000**, 48, 1485–1490.
- [3] Dapkevicius, A.; R. Venskutonis; T.A. van Beek; and J.P.H. Linssen. *Journal of the Science of Food and Agriculture* .**1998**, 77: 140 -146.