



## New phosphorus-nitrogen compounds: synthesis, spectroscopic characterization and fungicide studies

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The phosphorus-nitrogen compounds, such as phosphoramides and thiophosphoramides were studied in viewpoint of their agrochemical delivery [1-4]. In the presence work, new phosphorusnitrogen compounds were synthesized and used for the study of antifungal properties. The compounds, including  $(R)-[(2,3-F_2)C_6H_3C(0)NH]P(0)[NHCH(CH_3)C_6H_5]_2$  (1), (S)-[(2,3-F\_2)C\_6H\_3C(0)NH]P(0)[NHCH(CH\_3)C\_6H\_5]\_2 (1), (S)-[(2,3-F\_2)C\_6H\_5]\_2 (1), (S)-[(2,3-F\_2  $F_2$ )C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>C(O)NH]P(O)[NHCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>]<sub>2</sub>(2), and P[S][NHCH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-4-F]<sub>3</sub>(3) were used in this study. Characterization was done by CHN analysis, Mass, IR and NMR spectroscopy. The <sup>31</sup>P signals are revealed at 4.01 and 4.10 ppm for the phosphoramides 1 and 2, respectively and at 65.40 ppm for the thiophosphoramide 3. In the <sup>1</sup>H NMR experiment, the broad signals at 9.42 ppm for 1 and 9.26 ppm for 2 associate to the  $N_{CP}$ —H unit ( $N_{CP}$  is the nitrogen atom of the C(O)NHP(O) segment), and the two other N—H protons appear as pseudo triplets at 4.88 and 5.06 ppm for 1 and 4.91 and 5.06 ppm for 2. For compound 3, the NH signal appears as a multiplet at 4.82 ppm. The <sup>19</sup>F signals of compounds 1 and 2 are revealed as doublets at -138.52 and -140.26 ppm for 1 and -138.51 and -140.26 ppm for 2. For 3, the fluorine signal appears at -116.73 ppm. The antifungal properties of these compounds against phytopathogenic fungi such as *Rhizoctonia* solaniandFusarium culmorum were studied, which showed their effectiveness against both fungi.

Keywords: phosphorus-nitrogen compounds, NMR spectroscopy, antifungal properties, phytopathogenic fungi.

## References

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